Spatial assignment of test sample

December 14, 2016

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Input

Website Identifier: 228

Isotope values of test sample

Table 1: Isotope values of test sample

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>13C/12C</th>
<th>15N/14N</th>
<th>18O/16O</th>
<th>2H/1H</th>
<th>34S/32S</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-22</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>14.6</td>
<td>-36.9</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Output

Model

## Call:
## train.kknn(formula = fmla, data = ivory.train, kmax = 15, distance = 2, kernel = knl)
## Type of response variable: nominal
## Minimal misclassification: 0.1889986
## Best kernel: triangular
## Best k: 14
Classifier: region
Map of best fitted reference sample

Best fitted reference sample:

- Site: Dem. Rep. Congo, Tua
- Country: CD
- Region: Central Africa
- CITES: Appendix I
- Lat: -3.4
- Lon: 16.2
Assignment of test sample to nearest neighbours

Best fitted reference entries

Table 2: Details of best fitted reference entry (row 1) and other fitted entries within best classifier

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>lon</th>
<th>lat</th>
<th>location</th>
<th>13C/12C</th>
<th>15N/14N</th>
<th>18O/16O</th>
<th>2H/1H</th>
<th>34S/32S</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>29.50</td>
<td>0.45</td>
<td>Dem. Rep. Congo, Beni</td>
<td>-23.5</td>
<td>10.9</td>
<td>15.9</td>
<td>-43.2</td>
<td>7.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.47</td>
<td>4.98</td>
<td>Cameroon</td>
<td>-22.8</td>
<td>9.3</td>
<td>15.0</td>
<td>-45.5</td>
<td>6.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17.17</td>
<td>-3.29</td>
<td>Dem. Rep. Congo, Monkana</td>
<td>-22.5</td>
<td>9.2</td>
<td>15.4</td>
<td>-45.0</td>
<td>6.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22.33</td>
<td>-2.68</td>
<td>Dem. Rep. Congo, Momu</td>
<td>-23.7</td>
<td>10.8</td>
<td>16.0</td>
<td>-44.8</td>
<td>7.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Region of prediction: Central Africa

Testing robustness of assignment: Wilcoxon signed rank test

If p-value > 0.05, the test concludes that the isotope signature of the test sample is similar to the respective nearest neighbour reference sample.

P-values for the k nearest neighbours in Wilcoxon Test

“0.0144765, 0.0000902, 0.0000030, 0.0000019, 0.0000007, 0.0000004”
Goodness of fit of test sample:

- good fit: if $p > 0.05$ for at least two tested nearest neighbour reference samples;
- moderate fit: if $p > 0.05$ for at least one tested nearest neighbour reference samples;
- uncertain: if $p > 0.05$ for none of the tested nearest neighbour reference samples.

Assumption: At least two nearest reference samples are available.

Overall goodness of fit of test sample: “uncertain”