Spatial assignment of test sample

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Input

Website Identifier: 108

Isotope values of test sample

Table 1: Isotope values of test sample

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>13C/12C</th>
<th>15N/14N</th>
<th>18O/16O</th>
<th>2H/1H</th>
<th>34S/32S</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-24.7</td>
<td>8.6</td>
<td>17.9</td>
<td>-43.5</td>
<td>9.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Output

Model

##
## Call:
## train.kknn(formula = fmla, data = ivory.train, kmax = 15, distance = 2, kernel = kn1)
##
## Type of response variable: nominal
## Minimal misclassification: 0.3765867
## Best kernel: triangular
## Best k: 15

Classifier: country_code
Map of best fitted reference sample

Best fitted reference sample:
- Country: CD
- Region: Central Africa
- CITES: Appendix I
- Lat: -6.32
- Lon: 17.31
Assignment of test sample to nearest neighbours

Best fitted reference entries

Table 2: Details of best fitted reference entry (row 1) and other fitted entries within best classifier

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>lon</th>
<th>lat</th>
<th>location</th>
<th>13C/12C</th>
<th>15N/14N</th>
<th>18O/16O</th>
<th>2H/1H</th>
<th>34S/32S</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>17.31</td>
<td>-6.32</td>
<td>Dem. Rep. Congo, Kwango</td>
<td>-23.6</td>
<td>7.8</td>
<td>16.5</td>
<td>-47.4</td>
<td>8.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21.45</td>
<td>-1.00</td>
<td>Dem. Rep. Congo, Itoko</td>
<td>-24.2</td>
<td>10.2</td>
<td>16.9</td>
<td>-42.9</td>
<td>6.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25.09</td>
<td>-0.28</td>
<td>Dem. Rep. Congo, Loyo</td>
<td>-23.9</td>
<td>9.2</td>
<td>16.8</td>
<td>-45.1</td>
<td>5.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.57</td>
<td>-0.08</td>
<td>Dem. Rep. Congo</td>
<td>-24.9</td>
<td>10.3</td>
<td>16.4</td>
<td>-49.5</td>
<td>10.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Country of prediction: CD

Testing robustness of assignment: Wilcoxon signed rank test

If p-value > 0.05, the test concludes that the isotope signature of the test sample is similar to the respective nearest neighbour reference sample.

P-values for the k nearest neighbours in Wilcoxon Test

“0.714829556, 0.000629304, 0.000629304, 0.000017612, 0.000002501, 0.00000026”
Goodness of fit of test sample:

- good fit: if $p > 0.05$ for at least two tested nearest neighbour reference samples;
- moderate fit: if $p > 0.05$ for at least one tested nearest neighbour reference samples;
- uncertain: if $p > 0.05$ for none of the tested nearest neighbour reference samples.

Assumption: At least two nearest reference samples are available.

Overall goodness of fit of test sample: “**moderate fit**”